

Bateman Lab Plasma Abeta42/Abeta40 Ratio as a Predictor of Brain Amyloidosis

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Abstract

We hypothesize that plasma Ab42/Ab40 ratio, as measured by a high precision assay, can accurately predict central nervous system amyloidosis using amyloid PET as a reference standard.

Method

Received plasma samples were stored at -80° C until analysis. Plasma aliquots thawed at 21° C/800 RPM for 10 minutes and centrifuged at 21° C/10000 RCF for 5 minutes prior to immunoprecipitation. Targeted A β isoforms were immunoprecipitated with an anti-A β middomain antibody (HJ5.1) using a KingFisher (Thermo) automated immunoprecipitation platform. Immuno-enriched fractions were subsequently digested with Lys-N protease and subjected to liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) as previously described (6). Absolute A β isoform concentrations were determined with a 15N-labeled internal standard for each isoform.

Version Information

This document is new and prepared on 2019, June 12 for ADNI data to be uploaded to LONI and will be assign an initial revision version 1.0.

Dataset Information

This methods document applies to the following dataset(s) available from the ADNI repository:

Dataset Name	Date Submitted
Bateman Lab Plasma Abeta42/Abeta40 Ratio as a Predictor of	12 June 2019
Brain Amyloidosis	

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References

1. Vitaliy Ovod, Kara N. Ramsey, Kwasi G. Mawuenyega, Jim G. Bollinger, Terry Hicks, Theresa Schneider, Melissa Sullivan, Katrina Paumier, David M. Holtzman, John C. Morris, Tammie Benzinger, Anne M. Fagan, Bruce W. Patterson, Randall J. Bateman: *Amyloid β concentrations and stable isotope labeling kinetics of human plasma specific to central nervous system amyloidosis*. Alzheimer's & dementia: the journal of the Alzheimer's Association 08/2017; 13(8):841-849., DOI:10.1016/j.jalz.2017.06.2266

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